# CONSERVATORSHIPS: What are they? Who needs them?

Jerome H. Berenson American Inns of Court Ventura Chapter March 8, 2022

Team #5

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# SELECTED CONSERVATORSHIP PROBATE CODES

# § 1471. Mandatory appointment; proceedings

- (a) If a conservatee, proposed conservatee, or person alleged to lack legal capacity is unable to retain legal counsel and requests the appointment of counsel to assist in the particular matter, whether or not that person lacks or appears to lack legal capacity, the court shall, at or before the time of the hearing, appoint the public defender or private counsel to represent the person in the following proceedings under this division:
- (1) A proceeding to establish or transfer a conservatorship or to appoint a proposed conservator.
  - (2) A proceeding to terminate the conservatorship.
  - (3) A proceeding to remove the conservator.
  - (4) A proceeding for a court order affecting the legal capacity of the conservatee.
- (5) A proceeding to obtain an order authorizing removal of a temporary conservatee from the temporary conservatee's place of residence.
- (b) If a conservatee or proposed conservatee has not retained legal counsel and does not plan to retain legal counsel, whether or not that person lacks or appears to lack legal capacity, the court shall, at or before the time of the hearing, appoint the public defender or private counsel to represent the person in any proceeding listed in subdivision (a).
- (c) In any proceeding to establish a limited conservatorship, if the proposed limited conservatee has not retained legal counsel and does not plan to retain legal counsel, the court shall immediately appoint the public defender or private counsel to represent the proposed limited conservatee. The proposed limited conservatee shall pay the cost for that legal service if they are able. This subdivision applies irrespective of any medical or psychological inability to attend the hearing on the part of the proposed limited conservatee as allowed in Section 1825.
- (d) If a conservatee, proposed conservatee, or person alleged to lack legal capacity expresses a preference for a particular attorney to represent them, the court shall allow representation by the preferred attorney, even if the attorney is not on the court's list of a court-appointed attorneys, and the attorney shall provide zealous representation as provided in subdivision (e). However, an attorney who cannot provide zealous advocacy or who has any conflict of interest with respect to the representation of the conservatee, proposed conservatee, or person alleged to lack legal capacity shall be disqualified.
- (e) The role of legal counsel of a conservatee, proposed conservatee, or a person alleged to lack legal capacity is that of a zealous, independent advocate representing the wishes of their client, consistent with the duties set forth in Section 6068 of the Business and Professions Code and the California Rules of Professional Conduct.

(f) In an appeal or writ proceeding arising out of a proceeding described in this section, if a conservatee or proposed conservatee is not represented by legal counsel, the reviewing court shall appoint legal counsel to represent the conservatee or proposed conservatee before the court.

Subdivisions (d), (e) and (f) added by Stats.2021, c. 417 (A.B.1194), § 6, eff. Jan. 1, 2022.)

# § 1800.3. Conservatorship for adults and married minors

- (a) If the need therefor is established to the satisfaction of the court and the other requirements of this chapter are satisfied, the court may appoint:
  - (1) A conservator of the person or estate of an adult, or both.
- (2) A conservator of the person of a minor who is married or whose marriage has been dissolved.
- (b) No conservatorship of the person or of the estate shall be granted by the court unless the court makes an express finding that the granting of the conservatorship is the least restrictive alternative needed for the protection of the conservatee.

# § 1801. Conservator of person or estate or person and estate

Subject to Section 1800.3:

- (a) A conservator of the person may be appointed for a person who is unable to provide properly for his or her personal needs for physical health, food, clothing, or shelter, except as provided for the person as described in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 1828.5.
- (b) A conservator of the estate may be appointed for a person who is substantially unable to manage his or her own financial resources or resist fraud or undue influence, except as provided for that person as described in subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 1828.5. Substantial inability may not be proved solely by isolated incidents of negligence or improvidence.
- (c) A conservator of the person and estate may be appointed for a person described in subdivisions (a) and (b).
- (d) A limited conservator of the person or of the estate, or both, may be appointed for a developmentally disabled adult. ...
- (e) The standard of proof for the appointment of a conservator pursuant to this section shall be clear and convincing evidence.

# § 1820. Petition; filing; persons authorized

- (a) A petition for the appointment of a conservator may be filed by any of the following:
  - (1) The proposed conservatee.
  - (2) The spouse or domestic partner of the proposed conservatee.
  - (3) A relative of the proposed conservatee.
- (4) Any interested state or local entity or agency of this state or any interested public officer or employee of this state or of a local public entity of this state.
  - (5) Any other interested person or friend of the proposed conservatee.
- (b) If the proposed conservatee is a minor, the petition may be filed during his or her minority so that the appointment of a conservator may be made effective immediately upon the minor's attaining the age of majority. An existing guardian of the minor may be appointed as conservator under this part upon the minor's attaining the age of majority, whether or not the guardian's accounts have been settled.
- (c) A creditor of the proposed conservatee may not file a petition for appointment of a conservator unless the creditor is a person described in paragraph (2), (3), or (4) of subdivision (a).

# § 1827. Law and procedure applicable to hearing

The court shall hear and determine the matter of the establishment of the conservatorship according to the law and procedure relating to the trial of civil actions, including trial by jury if demanded by the proposed conservatee.

# § 1880. Determination by court; order

If the court determines that there is no form of medical treatment for which the conservatee has the capacity to give an informed consent, the court shall (1) adjudge that the conservatee lacks the capacity to give informed consent for medical treatment and (2) by order give the conservator of the person the powers specified in Section 2355. If an order is made under this section, the letters shall include a statement that the conservator has the powers specified in Section 2355.

# § 1900. Appointment of conservator; effect

The appointment of a conservator of the person or estate or both does not affect the capacity of the conservatee to marry or to enter into a registered domestic partnership.

# § 1901. Determination of capacity; order; law governing; filing of petition

- (a) The court may by order determine whether the conservatee has the capacity to enter into a valid marriage, as provided in Part 1 (commencing with Section 300) of Division 3 of the Family Code, or to enter into a registered domestic partnership, as provided in Section 297 of the Family Code, at the time the order is made.
- (b) A petition for an order under this section may be filed by the conservator of the person or estate or both, the conservatee, any relative or friend of the conservatee, or any interested person.

# § 2101. Fiduciary relationship; trust law

The relationship of guardian and ward and of conservator and conservatee is a fiduciary relationship that is governed by the law of trusts, except as provided in this division.

# § 2113. Balance of conflicting interests

A conservator shall accommodate the desires of the conservatee, except to the extent that doing so would violate the conservator's fiduciary duties to the conservatee or impose an unreasonable expense on the conservatorship estate.

# **SELECTED JUDICIAL COUNCIL FORMS**

GC - 310	Petition for Appointment of Probate Conservator
GC - 348	Duties of Conservator
GC - 335	Capacity Declaration
GC - 350	Letters of Conservatorship
GC - 341	Notice of Conservatee's Rights
GC - 355	Determination of Conservatee's Appropriate Level of Care
GC - 010	Certification of Attorney Qualifications

ATTORN	IEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY	STATE BAR NO.:		FOR COURT USE ON	LY
NAME:					
FIRM NA	ME:				
STREET	ADDRESS:				
CITY:		STATE: ZIP CODE:			
TELEPH	ONE NO.:	FAX NO.:			
E-MAIL A	ADDRESS:				
ATTORN	IEY FOR (name):				
SUPE	RIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY	OF			
STREE	T ADDRESS:				
MAILIN	G ADDRESS:				
CITY AN	ID ZIP CODE:				
BR	ANCH NAME:			_	
	ERVATORSHIP OF				
(name	e):				
		(PROPOSED)	CONSERVATEE		
PETI	TION FOR APPOINTMENT OF	☐ SUCCESSOR		CASE NUMBER:	
	BATE CONSERVATOR OF THE		ESTATE		
	imited Conservatorship			HEARING DATE AND TIME:	DEPT.:
	,				
. Peti	tioner <i>(name):</i>			requests that	
2	(Name):			(Telephone):	
a.	(Address):			(Telephone).	
	(Address).				
b. c.	section 2320.)	conservator conservator servatee and Letters issue because the proposed gency. for the reason to be furnish achment 1c if the amount deposits in a blocked acco	limited conserva e upon qualificati successor ns stated in Attac ned by an author is different from t	ion. (Telephone):  tor on. conservator is a corporate fiducion chment 1c. rized surety company or as otherwithe minimum required by Probate	wise provided by
d. e. f. g.	orders authorizing independent of Granting the proposed successive	exercise of powers under Facessor conservator of the double to the advantage and and reasons in Attachment the (proposed) conservators in Attachment 1e.) If duties of the proposed anted. (Specify orders, faced judged to lack the capacity	e estate powers of benefit and in the state of the state	to be exercised independently unhe best interest of the conservator e Code section 1873 or 1901 be conservator of the person under an Attachment 1f.)  ed consent for medical treatment	orship granted. er Probate t or healing by
	prayer and that the proposed successor conservator of the person be granted the powers specified in Probate Code section 2355. (Complete item 9 on page 6.)				

Do NOT use this form for a temporary conservatorship.

COV	ISERVA	TORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:	
(nar	ne):			
		(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE		
1. h.		(for limited conservatorship only) orders relating to the powers and duties of conservator of the person under Probate Code section 2351.5 be granted. and duties in Attachment 1h and complete item 1j.)		
i.		(for limited conservatorship only) orders relating to the powers and duties of conservator of the estate under Probate Code section 1830(b) be granted. and duties in Attachment 1i and complete item 1j.)		
j.		(for limited conservatorship only) orders limiting the civil and legal rights of (Specify limitations in Attachment 1j.)	the (proposed) limited conservatee be granted.	
k.		orders authorizing placement or treatment for a major neurocognitive disord Attachment Requesting Special Orders Regarding a Major Neurocognitive section 2356.5 be granted. A Capacity Declaration—Conservatorship (form Attachment to Capacity Declaration—Conservatorship (form GC-335A), exlicensed psychologist acting within the scope of his or her license with at leneurocognitive disorders (including dementia), are filed herewith. (appointment of successor conservator only) will not be filed because a major neurocognitive disorder (such as dementia) was filed on (date neither expired by its terms nor been revoked.	Disorder (form GC-313) under Probate Code in GC-335) and Major Neurocognitive Disorder secuted by a licensed physician or by a least two years experience diagnosing major will be filed before the hearing.  an order relating to placement or treatment for	
I.	ч	other orders be granted. (Specify in Attachment 1I.)		
2. (P	ropose	d) conservatee is (name):	(Telephone):	
3. a.	(1)	Jurisdictional facts (initial appointment only) The proposed conservatee in resident of California and  (a) a resident of this county.  (b) not a resident of this county, but commencement of the conservate the proposed conservatee for the reasons specified in Attachment nonresident of California but  (a) is temporarily living in this county, or  (b) has property in this county, or  (c) commencement of the conservatorship in this county is in the best	orship in this county is in the best interests of t 3a.	
b.	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	reasons specified in Attachment 3a.  ioner (answer items (1) and (2) and check all other items that apply)  is is not a creditor or an agent of a creditor of the (proposed is is not a debtor or an agent of a debtor of the (proposed) is the proposed successor conservator.  is the (proposed) conservatee. (If this item is not checked, you must all is the spouse of the (proposed) conservatee. (You must also complete is the domestic partner or former domestic partner of the (proposed) conservatee as (specify relationship):  is a relative of the (proposed) conservatee as (specify relationship):  is an interested person or friend of the (proposed) conservatee.  is a state or local public entity, officer, or employee.  is the guardian of the proposed conservatee.  is a bank is another entity authorized to conduct the business of is a professional fiduciary within the meaning of Business and Profess the Professional Fiduciaries Bureau of the Department of Consumer A item 1 on page 1 of the attached Professional Fiduciary Attachment. (attachment. You must also complete item 2 on page 2 of that form and	conservatee.  also complete item 3f.) e item 6.) conservatee. (You must also complete item 7.)  f a trust company. sions Code section 6501(f) who is licensed by Affairs. Petitioner's license number is provided in Use form GC-210(A-PF)/GC-310(A-PF) for this	

<sup>\*</sup> See Item 5b on page 4.



	ERVATORSHIP OF		CASE NUMBER:
(name	y): 		
	<ul> <li>(3)  the domestic partner or former</li> <li>(4)  a relative of the (proposed) cor</li> <li>(5)  a bank.  another entity at</li> <li>(6)  a nonprofit charitable corporati</li> <li>(7)  a professional fiduciary, as def</li> <li>concerning licensure or exemp</li> </ul>	as Attachment 3c(1).) conservatee. (You must also complete it domestic partner of the (proposed) con	ust company. ate Code section 2104. section 6501(f). His or her statement ne attached <i>Professional Fiduciary</i>
d.	Professional Fiduciaries Bureau.) (1) Statements of who engaged per prior relationship petitioner had on page 2 of the attached Professional Fiduciaries Bureau.)	etitioner, or how petitioner was engaged I with the (proposed) conservatee or his	to file this petition, and a description of any or her family or friends, are provided in item 2 or GC-210(A-PF)/ GC-310(A-PF) for this
	who engaged petitioner, how p		petition. That petition contains statements of n, and a description of any prior relationship friends.
		e property of the estate (complete item or conservator only, if complete Inventor , per Inventory and Appraisa ories and appraisals):	y and Appraisal filed by predecessor):
	<ul> <li>(2) Estimated value of personal p</li> <li>(3) Annual gross income from <ul> <li>(a) real property:</li> <li>(b) personal property:</li> <li>(c) pensions:</li> <li>(d) wages:</li> <li>(e) public assistance benefits:</li> <li>(f) other:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	oroperty: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
	(4) <b>Total</b> of (1) or (2) and (3):	\$	
	(5) Real property:	\$	
	<ul><li>(a) per Inventory and Apprai</li><li>(b) estimated value.</li></ul>	isal identified in item (1).	
	(1) Efforts to find the (proposed) conse on Attachment 3f(1).	•	etitioner): ot feasible to contact any of them are described ppointment of any (successor) conservator and

are contained on Attachment 3f(2).

the appointment of the proposed (successor) conservator or reasons why it is not feasible to ascertain those preferences

	CONS	ERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:	
	(nam	•		
L		(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE		
3	. g.	So far as known to petitioner, a conservatorship or equivalent proceeding conce	erning the proposed conservatee	
		has not has been filed in another jurisdiction, including a court of a federally-recognized Indian tribe with jurisdiction (see Prob. Code, § 2031(b)).		
		(If you answered "has," identify the jurisdiction and state the date the case was	filed):	
4	. (Pro	oposed) conservatee		
	a.	is is is not a patient in or on leave of absence from a state institute Department of State Hospitals or the California Department of Developmental S		
	b. c.	is receiving or entitled to receive is neither receiving nor entitled to benefits from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (estimate amount of month is is not, so far as is known to petitioner, a member of a federally of (If you answered "is," complete items (1)–(4)):  (1) Name of tribe:  (2) Location of tribe (if the tribe is located in more than one state, the state that	thly benefit payable): recognized Indian tribe.	
		<ul> <li>(3) The proposed conservatee  does  does not reside on tribal land.</li> <li>(4) So far as known to petitioner, the proposed conservatee  owns  owns</li> </ul>	* does not own property on tribal land.	
5	. a.	Proposed conservatee (initial appointment of conservator only)  (1) is an adult.  (2) will be an adult on the effective date of the order (date):  (3) is a married minor.  (4) is a minor whose marriage has been dissolved.		
	b.	<ul> <li>✓ Vacancy in office of conservator (appointment of successor conservator on conservator after the death of a predecessor is a petition for initial appoint. There is a vacancy in the office of conservator of the person specified in Attachment 5b.</li> <li>✓ specified below.</li> </ul>		

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Tribal land" is land that is, with respect to a specific Indian tribe and the members of that tribe, "Indian country", as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 1151.



		GC-310
	ERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:
(nam		
	(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE	
. C.	(Proposed) conservatee requires a conservator and is	colds food plathing or sholter
	(1) unable to properly provide for his or her personal needs for physical h Supporting facts are specified in Attachment 5c(1) as fol	
	Supporting facts are specified in Attachment 50(1) as for	iows.
	(2) substantially unable to manage his or her financial resources or to res	
	Supporting facts are specified in Attachment 5c(2) as fol	IOWS:

name	e): (PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE	
	(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE	
d. e.	<ul> <li>(Proposed) conservatee voluntarily requests the appointment of a (Specify facts showing good cause in Attachment 5(d).)</li> <li>Confidential Supplemental Information (form GC-312) is filed with this petitic</li> </ul>	successor conservator.  on. (Initial appointment of conservator only.
f.	All petitioners must file this form except banks and other entities authorized	I to do business as a trust company.) Il disability as defined in Probate Code section
a. b.	Petitioner or proposed	eding against the (proposed) conservatee for ity of their marriage. Deceding against the (proposed) conservatee or marriage, or has obtained a judgment in one ethat:
a.	Petitioner or proposed successor conservator is the domestic part the (proposed) conservatee. (If this statement is true, you must answer a or b. The domestic partner of the (proposed) conservatee has not terminated and partnership.	) d does not intend to terminate the domestic
b.	Although the domestic partner or former domestic partner of the (proposed) terminated the domestic partnership, it is in the best interest of the (proposed) [1] a successor conservator be appointed.  (2) the domestic partner or former domestic partner be appointed as the (if you checked item 7b(1) or (2) or both, specify the facts and reasons in Attach.	ed) conservatee that  successor conservator.
(Pro a. b.	will attend the hearing AND is the petitioner is not the petiti nominated the proposed successor conservator.  (initial appointment of conservator only) is able but unwilling to attend the his wish to contest the establishment of a conservatorship, does	earing AND does does not
c. d. e.	(initial appointment of conservator only): is unable to attend the hearing bed Declaration-Conservatorship (form GC-335), executed by a licensed medical practitioner is filed with this petition. will be filed before the conservator only) is not the petitioner, is out of state,	cause of medical inability. A <i>Capacity</i> al practitioner or an accredited religious he hearing.
<b>П</b>	Medical treatment of (proposed) conservatee  There is no form of medical treatment for which the (proposed) conservatee has	the capacity to give an informed consent.
b. c.	(appointment of successor conservator only) The conservatee's incapacity was determined by order filed in this matter on (date):  That order has neither expired by its terms nor been revoked.	lacks the capacity to give informed consent for conclusion, will not be filed for the reason stated in c. to consent to any form of medical treatment
	f. a. b. (Pro a. b. d. e. a. b.	e.

in Probate Code section 2355(b).

	1		
CONSERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:		
(name):			
(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE			
7. Temporary conservatorship  Filed with this petition is a Petition for Appointment of Temporary Conservator (	form GC-111).		
The names, residence addresses, and relationships of the spouse or registered domestic partner and the second-degree relatives of the (proposed) conservatee (his or her parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, and brothers and sisters), so far as known to petitioner, are  a. listed below.  b. not known, or no longer living, so the (proposed) conservatee's deemed relatives under Probate Code section 1821(b) (1)-(4) are listed below.			
	Posidonae addresa		
Name and relationship to conservatee (1)	Residence address		
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			
(5)			
(6)			
(7)			
(8)			
(9)			
(10)			
(11)			
(12)			
(13)			
(14)			
(15)			
(16)			

Continued on Attachment 11.

CONSERVATORSHIP OF		CASE NUMBER:
(name):		
	(PROPOSED) CONSERVATEE	
12. Confidential conservator screening form Submitted with this petition is a Confidential Conservator. (R	- ·	
13. Court investigator Filed with this petition is a proposed <i>Order Ap</i>	opointing Court Investigator (form C	GC-330).
14. Number of pages attached:		
Date:		
	•	
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONER)		(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONER)
(All petitioners must also sign (Prob. Code, § 1020; Ca	al. Rules of Court, rule 7.103).)	
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the	e State of California that the forego	oing is true and correct.
Date:		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PETITIONER)		(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PETITIONER)	<b></b>	(SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER)

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ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNI	EY (Name, State Bar number, and address):		FOR COURT USE ONLY
<u> </u>			
TELEPHONE NO.:	FAX NO. (Optional):		
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):			
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):			
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFOR	NIA, COUNTY OF		
STREET ADDRESS:			
MAILING ADDRESS:			
CITY AND ZIP CODE:			
BRANCH NAME:			
CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE	PERSON ESTATE OF		
(Name):			
		CONSERVATEE	
D	UTIES OF CONSERVATOR		CASE NUMBER:
and Acknowledgmer	nt of Receipt of Handbook for Cons	servators	

#### **DUTIES OF CONSERVATOR**

When you are appointed by the court as a conservator, you become responsible to the court and assume certain duties and obligations. All of your actions as conservator are subject to review by the court. You should clearly understand the information on this form. You will find additional information in the Judicial Council's *Handbook for Conservators*, receipt of which, in addition to a copy of this form, you are required by law to acknowledge.

#### I. THE CONSERVATEE'S RIGHTS

Conservatees do not lose all rights or all voice in important decisions affecting their lives. All conservatees have the right to be treated with understanding and respect, the right to have their wishes considered, and the right to be well cared for by their conservators. Conservatees generally keep the right to (1) control their own wages or salary from employment, (2) make or change a will, (3) marry, (4) receive personal mail, (5) be represented by a lawyer, (6) ask a judge to change conservators, (7) ask a judge to end the conservatorship, (8) vote, unless a judge decides they are not capable of exercising this right, (9) control personal spending money if a judge has authorized an allowance, and (10) make their own medical decisions, unless a judge has taken away that right and given it exclusively to their conservators.

## **II. CONSULT WITH YOUR ATTORNEY**

Your attorney will advise you on your duties, the limits of your authority, the conservatee's rights, your dealings with the court, all other topics discussed in this form, and many other matters. He or she will tell you when you must ask for prior court approval to take an action, when you may do so (and why it might be a good idea), and when prior court approval is not required. All legal questions should be discussed with your attorney, not the court staff, which is not permitted to give legal advice. Your attorney will also help prepare your inventories, accountings, petitions, and all other documents to be filed with the court; and will see that the persons entitled to be notified of your actions are given proper notice. He or she will also advise you about legal limits on estate investments, leases and sales of estate assets, loans, lawsuits against others involving the conservatee or his or her property, and many other matters, and can prepare or review documents needed in these matters. You should communicate frequently and cooperate fully with your attorney at all times. When in doubt, contact your attorney.

Other questions may be answered by calling on local community resources. (To find these resources, see the *Handbook for Conservators* and the local supplement distributed by the court.)

#### III. CONSERVATOR OF THE PERSON

If the court appoints you as conservator of the person, you are responsible for the conservatee's care and protection. You must decide, within certain limits, where the conservatee will live; and you must arrange for the conservatee's health care, meals, clothing, personal care, housekeeping, transportation, and recreation.

# A. DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF CARE FOR THE CONSERVATEE

You must determine the conservatee's appropriate level of care. Your determination must be in writing, signed under penalty of perjury, must be filed with the court within 60 days of the date of the court's order appointing you as conservator, and must include:

Page 1 of 7



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
_		
	CONSERVATEE	

**III. A. 1.** An evaluation of the level of care existing when the petition for your appointment as a conservator was filed and the measures that would be necessary to keep the conservatee in his or her **personal residence.** 

(Note: The conservatee's **personal residence** is the residence the conservatee understood or believed to be his or her permanent residence on (1) the date the petition for appointment of a conservator was filed in this matter, or (2) on the last earlier date the conservatee could form or communicate an understanding or belief about a permanent residence, whether or not he or she was living there when the appointment petition was filed. See Cal. Rules of Court, rule 7.1063(b).)

- 2. A plan to return the conservatee to his or her **personal residence** or an explanation of the limitations or restrictions on a return of the conservatee to that residence in the foreseeable future if the conservatee was not living there when the petition for appointment of a conservator was filed.
- **3.** A reevaluation after a material (important) change in circumstances affecting the conservatee's needs for placement and care after your initial determination.
- **4.** If the conservatee is a limited conservatee who is developmentally disabled, special rules may apply to the determination of his or her level of care and residential placement. See item **VI** below.

#### **B. DECIDE WHERE THE CONSERVATEE WILL LIVE**

- 1. You must decide where the conservatee will live. You may choose a residence in California without prior approval of the court, but you must choose the least restrictive appropriate residence that is available and necessary to meet the conservatee's needs and that is in his or her best interests.
- 2. You must file a written notice of any change of the conservatee's residence with the court within 30 days of the move, and you must mail copies of the notice to the conservatee's attorney, the conservatee's spouse or registered domestic partner, and the conservatee's relatives who were mailed copies of the petition for your appointment as conservator, unless the court excuses you from the mailing to prevent harm to the conservatee. (There is a court form you must use for this notice and another form you may use to prove that you have mailed it. The forms are the *Post-Move Notice of Change of Residence of Conservatee or Ward* (form GC-080) and the *Attachment to Post-Move Notice*, etc. (form GC-080(MA). These forms refer to a "post-move notice" because the notice may be filed and mailed after the date of the move.)
- 3. The law presumes that the conservatee's **personal residence** (see item **IIIA**) is the conservatee's least restrictive appropriate residence. There must be a reason supported by sufficient evidence to justify a change of residence from the conservatee's personal residence (including a move from a care facility or other temporary placement to a residence that is not the conservatee's personal residence).
- **4.** If you want to move the conservatee from his or her **personal residence**, in addition to the post-move notice described in item 2, you must mail a notice of your intent to change the conservatee's residence to the conservatee, the conservatee's attorney, if any, and to each other person or entity entitled to notice of the hearing on the petition for your appointment as conservator; and then you must file with the court proof that the notice was mailed. Unless there is an emergency requiring a shorter period of notice, this notice must be mailed at least 15 days before the date of the proposed move. (There is a court form you must use for this notice and another form you may use to prove that you have mailed it. The forms are the *Pre-Move Notice of Proposed Change of Personal Residence of Conservatee or Ward* (form GC-079) and the *Attachment to Pre-Move Notice*, *etc.* (form GC-079(MA). These forms refer to a "pre-move notice" because the notice must be mailed before the move.)
- 5. If you want to establish the conservatee's residence outside California, you must petition the court for permission before the move. Notice of the court hearing on this petition, together with a copy of the petition, must be mailed to the conservatee and the other persons and entities that were entitled to notice of the hearing on the petition for your appointment as conservator. There is a court form for this petition, the *Petition to Fix Residence Outside the State of California* (form GC-085). Notice of the hearing and proof of its mailing is given on another court form, the *Notice of Hearing—Guardianship or Conservatorship* (form GC-020).
- 6. You may not place the conservatee involuntarily in a mental health treatment facility unless he or she has been determined to be gravely disabled as the result of a mental disorder or impairment by chronic alcoholism, you have been appointed as conservator under the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 5350 et seq.), and then only if the court has authorized the placement. If the court has authorized you to place the conservatee in a secured-perimeter residential care facility or a locked and secured nursing facility because he or she suffers from dementia, you must be sure that the placement is the least restrictive placement appropriate to the conservatee's needs.



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
	CONSERVATEE	

#### III. C. PROVIDE MEDICAL CARE FOR THE CONSERVATEE

You are responsible for making sure that the conservatee's health care needs are met. But there are special rules you must follow to meet these needs. Two of the most important rules are as follows:

- 1. Unless the court has given you exclusive authority to consent to the conservatee's medical treatment because the court has determined that the conservatee has lost the capacity to make sound medical decisions, your consent or refusal to consent to such treatment is not sufficient if the conservatee disagrees (except in certain emergency situations). If you do have exclusive medical consent authority, you should be sure that all medical treatment and medications are appropriate.
- 2. If the conservatee has dementia and has lost the capacity to give an informed consent to the administration of medications for its treatment and care, you must be given specific authority by the court to consent to the administration of these medications. If you do have this authority, you should be sure that the medications are appropriate.

## D. WORK WITH THE PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR MANAGING THE CONSERVATEE'S PROPERTY

If other persons are handling the conservatee's property, such as his or her estate conservator, the conservatee's spouse or registered domestic partner in possession of the couple's marital or partnership property, or the trustee of a trust created for the management of the conservatee's property and for his or her support, you must work together to be sure that the conservatee can afford the care you arrange. Purchases you make for the conservatee must be approved by the person(s) responsible for managing the conservatee's assets or you may not be reimbursed or your reimbursement may be delayed.

#### IV. CONSERVATOR OF THE ESTATE

The conservatee's property or assets and income are known as the conservatee's "estate." If the court appoints you as conservator of the estate, you will manage the conservatee's finances, protect the conservatee's income and property or assets, make an inventory of the conservatee's property or assets, make sure the conservatee's bills are paid, invest the conservatee's money, see that the conservatee receives all the income and benefits to which he or she is entitled, ensure that the conservatee's tax returns are filed on time and all taxes paid, keep accurate financial records, and regularly report the conservatee's financial condition to the court. (Note: Property or assets and income in a trust for the conservatee's support and maintenance are usually not considered as part of the conservatee's estate, particularly if the trust was created and funded before the appointment of a conservator. Unless the conservatee's spouse or registered domestic partner consents to its inclusion in the conservatee's estate, the community property of the conservatee and his or her spouse or registered domestic partner under the management and control of the spouse or partner is also not part of the conservatee's estate.)

#### A. MANAGING THE ESTATE

#### 1. Prudent management for the benefit of the conservatee; prudent investments

You must manage the estate's property or assets and income for the benefit of the conservatee and with the care of a prudent person dealing with someone else's property. You must not make unreasonably risky investments of money or property of the estate.

#### 2. Prior court approval required for fees, borrowing, loans, and gifts

You must ask and receive the court's permission, after full disclosure of all relevant facts, before you may pay from the conservatee's estate fees to yourself for your services as conservator and to your attorney for his or her services to you; borrow money for or loan money from the conservatee's estate (to yourself or anyone else); or make gifts of estate assets or property.

#### 3. Keep estate money and property separate from your or anyone else's money or property

You must keep the money and property of the conservatee's estate separate from your money or property or from the money or property of any other person. Never deposit estate funds in your personal bank account or otherwise mix them with your or anyone else's funds, even for brief periods. Title to individual stocks, bonds, or other securities; securities broker accounts; mutual funds; and accounts with banks and other financial institutions must show that these assets are property of the conservatorship estate and not your or anyone else's property.

#### 4. Interest-bearing accounts and other investments

Except for a checking account intended for payment of ordinary expenses, estate bank accounts must earn interest. You may deposit estate funds in one or more insured accounts in financial institutions, but you should not put more than the FDIC insurance limit, currently \$250,000, in any single institution. You have authority to make some investments without court approval. Other investments may be made only after court approval has been obtained. Consult with an attorney before making any investments, even those you have authority to make without court approval.



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
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	CONSERVATEE	

# IV. A. 5. Claims against others on behalf of the conservatee

Pursue claims against others on behalf of the conservatee's estate when it is in the best interests of the conservatee or his or her estate to do so. The court may require you to be represented by a lawyer to proceed with litigation on behalf of the conservatee's estate. Consider requesting prior court authority to pursue or compromise large or complex claims, particularly those that might require litigation and the assistance of legal counsel and those that might result in an award of attorney fees for the other party against the conservatee's estate if you are unsuccessful. You may sign a contingent fee agreement with legal counsel on behalf of the conservatee's estate if such agreements are customary for the type of case involved, but the court must approve the agreement before it is enforceable. You may ask for court approval of a contingent fee agreement before signing it and before legal counsel performs any services under it.

#### 6. Defend against claims against the conservatee's estate

Defend against actions or claims against the conservatee or his or her estate when it is in the best interest of the conservatee or the estate to do so. The court may require you to be represented by a lawyer for your defense of a lawsuit against the conservatee's estate. You may request court approval or instructions concerning the defense or compromise of such a lawsuit.

#### 7. Public and insurance benefits

You must learn about and collect all public and insurance benefits for which the conservatee is eligible.

#### 8. Evaluate the conservatee's ability to manage cash and other assets

You should evaluate the conservatee's ability to manage cash or other assets and take appropriate action, including asking for prior court approval when necessary or appropriate, to enable the conservatee to do so to the level of his or her ability.

#### 9. Locate the conservatee's estate planning documents

You should undertake, as soon as possible after your appointment and qualification as conservator, to locate and take reasonable steps to ensure the safety of the conservatee's estate planning documents, including wills and codicils, living trusts, powers of attorney for health care and finances, life insurance policies, and pension records.

#### 10. Preserve property mentioned in the conservatee's estate planning documents

Make reasonable efforts to identify, locate, and preserve property mentioned in the conservatee's estate planning documents.

#### 11. Guard against inappropriate disclosure of the conservatee's financial information

Subject to your duty of full disclosure to the court and persons entitled under the law to receive it, you must closely guard against unnecessary or inappropriate disclosure of the conservatee's financial information.

#### 12. Conservatee's tangible personal property

If you plan to dispose of any of the conservatee's tangible personal property, inform the conservatee's family members in advance and give them an opportunity to acquire the property, with approval or confirmation of the court.

#### 13. Factors to consider when deciding whether to dispose of any of the conservatee's property

In deciding whether it is in the best interest of the conservatee to dispose of property of his or her estate, consider the following factors, among others, as appropriate in the circumstances:

- (A) The likely benefit or improvement of the conservatee's life that disposing of the property would bring;
- (B) The likelihood that the conservatee would need or benefit from the property in the future;
- (C) The previously expressed or current desires of the conservatee concerning the property, unless accommodating those desires would violate your fiduciary duty to the conservatee or impose an unreasonable expense on the estate;
- (D) The provisions of the conservatee's estate plan concerning the property;
- (E) The tax consequences of disposing of the property;
- (F) The impact of disposition on the conservatee's eligibility for public benefits;
- (G) The condition of the entire estate;
- (H) The likelihood that the property will deteriorate or be subject to waste if kept in the estate; and
- (I) The benefit versus the cost or liability of maintaining the property in the estate.



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
	CONSERVATEE	

# IV. A. 14. Property, casualty, and liability insurance

Determine the appropriate kinds and adequate levels of property, casualty, and liability insurance covering the property, assets, risks, and potential liabilities of the conservatee and his or her estate. Maintain the insurance in force during the entire period of the administration (except for assets after they are sold).

#### 15. Communicate with conservator of the person and trustee

You should communicate as necessary and appropriate with the conservator of the conservatee's person, if any, and with the trustee of any trust of which the conservatee is a beneficiary.

#### 16. Other limitations or restrictions

There are many limitations or restrictions on your authority to deal with estate assets not mentioned here. If you do not obtain the court's permission when it is required before taking an action, you may be removed as conservator or you may be required to reimburse the estate from your own personal funds, or both.

#### **B. INVENTORY OF ESTATE PROPERTY**

#### 1. Locate and take possession of the estate's property and prepare an inventory

You must identify, locate, take possession of, and protect all the conservatee's property, assets, and income that will be or become part of the conservatorship estate. You must change the record title or ownership of most property and assets of the estate to reflect the conservatorship. You must record a copy of your *Letters of Conservatorship* (form GC-350) with the county recorder in each county where the conservatee owns real property. You must then prepare an inventory, or a list, of all of the real and personal property of the estate. There are court forms that must be used for the inventory. These consist of a two-page cover sheet, *Inventory and Appraisal* (form DE-160/GC-040) and one or more pages to be attached to the cover sheet containing the list of property, *Inventory and Appraisal Attachment* (form DE-161/GC-041). The property is separated into two categories, cash and cash-equivalent items, listed on Attachment 1; and all other types of real and personal property, listed on Attachment 2.

#### 2. Determine the value of the estate's property

You must arrange to have a **probate referee** appointed by the court appraise, or determine the fair market value of, the noncash property of the estate shown in Attachment 2 of your inventory unless the referee's appointment is waived by the court. You, rather than the referee, may appraise the value of the cash and cash-equivalent items of property listed in Attachment 1, such as bank accounts.

#### 3. File and mail copies of the inventory and appraisal and notice of how to object

Within 90 days after your appointment as conservator, unless the court gives you more time, you must file with the court your inventory containing the appraisals of estate property, signed by you and, if the probate referee has appraised assets, by the referee. You must also mail copies of the completed inventory and appraisal to the conservatee, the conservatee's attorney, if any, and the conservatee's spouse or registered domestic partner, parents, and children, and must give them written notice of how to file an objection to the inventory and appraisal. There is a court form that must be used for this notice, the *Notice of Filing of Inventory and Appraisal and How to Object to the Inventory or the Appraised Value of Property* (form GC-042).

# C. RECORD KEEPING AND ACCOUNTING

#### 1. Keep records and prepare accountings

You must keep complete and accurate records of each financial transaction affecting the estate, including all receipts of income, changes in assets or property held in the estate, and expenditures. The checkbook for the conservatorship checking account is your indispensable tool for keeping records of income and expenditures. You should also save original bills or invoices paid, records of property sale transactions, receipts for money spent, and bank or other institutions' statements showing income received and money spent. You must prepare periodic accountings of all money and property you have received, what you have spent, the date of each transaction, and its purpose. Your accountings must describe in detail what you have left after you pay the estate's expenses. There are court forms you may, or in some situations must, use for your accountings. You will have to file original statements from banks and other institutions with your accountings.



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
	CONSERVATEE	

# IV. C. 2. Court review of your accountings and records

You must file with the court a report with each of your accountings that shows the current circumstances of the conservatee and the estate, along with a petition requesting that the court review and approve the accounting. Your first accounting is due one year after your appointment, and later accountings must be filed at least every two years after that. The court may order you to file more frequent accountings. You must save your receipts and other original records because the court may ask to review them. If you do not file your accountings as required, the court will order you to do so. You may be removed as conservator if you fail to properly prepare and file your accountings or comply with the court's orders.

#### V. DUTY TO DISCLOSE CHANGES IN MARITAL OR DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP STATUS

If you are the spouse of the conservatee, you must disclose to the court, and give notice to interested persons under the Probate Code, of the filing of any action or proceeding against the conservatee for (1) legal separation, (2) dissolution of marriage, or (3) adjudication of nullity of the marriage. If you are or were the registered domestic partner of the conservatee, you must disclose to the court any termination of the domestic partnership. The disclosure must be made within 10 days of the initial filing of the action or proceeding or termination of the partnership by filing a notice with the court. If you are not the spouse or registered domestic partner or former partner of the conservatee and one of these events occurs, the conservatee's spouse or former registered domestic partner must disclose the event to you within the same 10-day period.

# VI. LIMITED CONSERVATOR (for the developmentally disabled only)

#### A. AUTHORITY SPECIFIED IN YOUR LETTERS OF CONSERVATORSHIP AND APPOINTMENT ORDER

If the court appoints you as limited conservator, you will have authority to take care of **only** those aspects of the conservatee's life and financial affairs specified in your *Letters of Conservatorship* and the court's order appointing you. The conservatee retains all other legal and civil rights. Although most of the information provided in this form also applies to limited conservatorships (especially the duties of the conservator of the person), you should clarify with your attorney exactly which information applies in your case.

#### B. DUTY TO HELP LIMITED CONSERVATEE DEVELOP SELF-RELIANCE

You must secure treatment, services, and opportunities that will assist the limited conservatee to develop maximum self-reliance and independence. This assistance may include training, education, medical and psychological services, social opportunities, vocational opportunities, and other appropriate help.

#### C. DETERMINATION OF LEVEL OF CARE FOR CERTAIN LIMITED CONSERVATEES

The level of care determination described in item **IIIA** does not apply to a limited conservatee who receives services from a regional center for the developmentally disabled and for whom the Director of Developmental Services or the regional center is acting as conservator. Determination of the services provided for and residential placement of these limited conservatees are to be identified, delivered, and evaluated consistent with the individual program plan process described in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 4640–4659. (See Prob. Code, § 2352.5(e).)

#### VII. TEMPORARY CONSERVATOR

If the court appoints you as temporary conservator, you will generally have the same duties and authority as general conservators, **except** the conservatorship will end on the date specified in your *Letters of Temporary Conservatorship*. Most of the information in this form also applies to temporary conservatorships, but you must consult your attorney about which duties you will **not** perform because of the short duration of the temporary conservatorship appointment. A temporary conservator should avoid making long-term decisions or changes that could safely wait until a general conservator is appointed. As temporary conservator, you may not move a conservatee from his or her home, unless there is an emergency, or sell or give away the conservatee's home or any other assets without prior court approval.

# Sign the Acknowledgment of Receipt on page 7.



CONSERVATORSHIP OF (Name):		CASE NUMBER:
	CONSERVATEE	

#### VIII. JUDICIAL COUNCIL FORMS

This form identifies a number of Judicial Council forms used for court filings in conservatorship proceedings. This form, the petition for your appointment as conservator, and the order that appoints you as conservator are examples of Judicial Council forms. Judicial Council forms are either mandatory or optional. If a mandatory form applies to a situation or proposed action, it must be used. Optional forms may be used, at the option of the person preparing and filing the form or, in some situations, at the option of the court. Each form is identified on the bottom left side of its first page as optional or mandatory. Judicial Council forms are not available for every situation where a document may or must be filed with the court, but the forms address the most common and important matters that occur during a conservatorship. The *Handbook for Conservators* has additional information about Judicial Council conservatorship forms.

Your attorney will select and prepare the appropriate Judicial Council forms. However, if you do not have an attorney, you can prepare them yourself. All Judicial Council forms are posted on the California courts' public website, *www.courts.ca.gov*. Select "Forms" at the top of the site's home page, then select the form group in the drop-down menu in the middle of the page. All conservatorship forms are collected in the Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships form group. They are designated with the prefix "GC," followed by a three-digit number. Forms shown in the drop-down list with an asterisk are mandatory forms.

The forms are posted on the website in both unfillable and fillable versions, as PDF files. The unfillable versions are designed to be completed by typewriter or, in some cases, by hand. Fillable forms may be filled out online, then printed out ready for signing and filing with the court, and they may also be saved to your computer and completed in more than one sitting. Go to the "Forms and Information" page at the Web site's Self-Help Center for more information on accessing the forms.

# ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT of *Duties of Conservator* and *Handbook for Conservators* (Probate Code, § 1834)

I acknowledge that I have received this statement of the duties and liabilities of the office of conservator, the *Duties of Conservator* (form GC-348), and the *Handbook for Conservators* adopted by the Judicial Council.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date.				
		•		
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF (PROPOSED) CONSERVATOR)	
Date:				
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF (PROPOSED) CONSERVATOR)	
Date:				
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		(SIGNATURE OF (PROPOSED) CONSERVATOR)	

# **NOTICE**

This statement of duties and liabilities is a summary and is not a complete statement of the law. Your conduct as a conservator is governed by the law itself and not by this summary or by the Judicial Council's *Handbook for Conservators*. When in doubt, consult your attorney.

Data

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY	STATE BAR NUMBER:	FOR COURT USE ONLY
NAME:		
FIRM NAME:		
STREET ADDRESS:		
CITY:	STATE: ZIP CODE:	
TELEPHONE NO.:	FAX NO.:	
E-MAIL ADDRESS:		
ATTORNEY FOR (name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA,	COUNTY OF	
STREET ADDRESS:		
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE:  BRANCH NAME:		
CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE	PERSON ESTATE OF (Name):	
CONCERNATION OF THE	TERCON LE ECTATE OF (Name).	
	CONSERVATEE  PROPOSED CONSERVATEE	
CAPACITY DECLA	RATION-CONSERVATORSHIP	CASE NUMBER:
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2. (Office address and telephone nul	mber):	
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b. an accredited practitioner	is is NOT a patient under my continuing	ognitive disorders (including dementia). nealing. The (proposed) conservatee is an determination in item 5.)
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	ee is able to attend the court hearing.	ed in item A above. (Complete a of b.)
	lity, the proposed conservatee is NOT able to attend the	e court hearing (check all items below
	date in box in item A above). uture.	
	facts in the space below or check this box and s	state the facts in Attachment 5.)
I declare under penalty of perjury undendete:	er the laws of the State of California that the foregoing i	

CON	ISER'	VATORSH	IIP OF TH	E 🔲 P	ERSON [	ESTAT	ΓE OF (	Name):		CASE NUMBER:
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CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE PER	SON ESTATE OF (Name):	CASE NUMBER:
☐ CONSER	RVATEE  PROPOSED CONSERVATEE	
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(1) do NOT vary substantially in	s of impairment from the deficits indicated in an infrequency, severity, or duration.  uency, severity, or duration (explain; continue)	
F. (Optional) Other information reg symptomatology, and other impre	garding my evaluation of the (proposed) conseressions) is stated below stated	ervatee's mental function (e.g., diagnosis, ted in Attachment 6F.
ABILITY TO CONSENT TO MEDICAL TREA  7. Based on the information above, it is my of a.   has the capacity to give informed capacity.		This opinion is limited to medical consent
<ul> <li>b.  lacks the capacity to give informed respond knowingly and intelligen means of a rational thought process.</li> </ul>	ed consent to any form of medical treatment of the regarding medical treatment or (2) unable cess, or both. The deficits in the mental functive e's ability to understand and appreciate the establishment.	e to participate in a treatment decision by ions described in item 6 above significantly
Number of pages attached:	(Declarant must initial he	ere if item 7b applies:)
I declare under penalty of perjury under the la	aws of the State of California that the foregoin	ng is true and correct.
Date:		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	<b>&gt;</b>	(SIGNATURE OF DECLARANT)

ATTORN	FY OR P	ARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (name, address, and State Bar number):			
After reco					
,	u.iy iell				
TEL NO.:		FAX NO. (optional):			
E-MAIL A	DDRESS	6 (optional):			
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SUPERIO	OR COU	RT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF			
STREET	ADDRE	SS:			
MAILING	ADDRE	SS:			
CITY AN	D ZIP CO	DDE:			
BRANCH	NAME:			FOR RECO	ORDER'S USE ONLY
		TORSHIP OF (name):		CASE NUMBER:	
00110	,,.	Tortoriii or (namo).		OAGE NOMBER.	
			CONSERVATEE		
			CONSERVATEE		
		LETTERS OF CONSERVATOR	RSHIP		FOR COURT USE ONLY
		Person Estate Limite	d Conservatorship		
1.	(Nan	ne):	is the appointed		
		conservator	person estate		
	of (na	ame):			
2.	(For	conservatorship that was on December 31, 1980,	a guardianship of an adult	or of	
	the p	person of a married minor) (Name):			
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	estate by order dated		
	(spe		· —	erson	
		estate of (name):			
3.	_	r powers have been granted or conditions imposed	d as follows:		
о. <b></b> а.		Exclusive authority to give consent for and to req		· Aiva	
a.	_				
		medical treatment that the conservator in good fa			
		determines to be necessary even if the conserva	tee objects, subject to the	iimitations	
		stated in Probate Code section 2356.			
		(1) This treatment shall be performed by a	•	-	
		for reliance on prayer alone for healing	of which the conservatee	was an adherer	nt prior to the establishment of
		the conservatorship.			
	_	(2) (If court order limits duration) This med			
b.	$\Box$	Authority to place the conservatee in a care or nu	-		* *
C.		Authority to authorize the administration of medic	ations appropriate for the	care and treatm	ent of dementia described in
		Probate Code section 2356.5(c).			
d.		Powers to be exercised independently under Pro	bate Code section 2590 ar	e specified in A	ttachment 3d (specify powers,
		restrictions, conditions, and limitations).			
e.		Conditions relating to the care and custody of pro-	perty under Probate Code	section 2402 a	re specified in Attachment 3e.
f.		Conditions relating to the care, treatment, educat	-		
	_	are specified in Attachment 3f.			
g.		(For limited conservatorship only) Powers of the	imited conservator of the r	erson under Pr	obate Code section 2351.5 are
э.	_	specified in Attachment 3g.			2220 0000011 200 110 010
h.		(For limited conservatorship only) Powers of the	limited conservator of the s	state under Dr	hate Code section 1830(h) are
11.	_	specified in Attachment 3h.	minica conservator or tile t	State under 1°10	Date Code Section 1050(b) are
:		•	anguified in Attachmant 2:		
l.	u	Other powers granted or conditions imposed are	•		and the second of the second o
(SEAL)			authorized to take possess	sion of money of	r any other property without a
(= == ==)		specific court order.			
		5. Number of pages attached:			
		WITNESS, clerk of the court, with	n seal of the court affixed.		
		Date:			
		Date.			
		Clerk, by			, Deputy Page 1 of 2

This form may be recorded as notice of the establishment of a conservatorship of the estate as provided in Probate Code §1875.

CONSERVATORSHIP OF (name):		CASE NUMBER:
	CONSERVATEE	

# NOTICE TO INSTITUTIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (Probate Code sections 2890-2893)

When these *Letters of Conservatorship* (Letters) are delivered to you as an employee or other representative of an *institution* or *financial institution* (described below) in order for the conservator of the estate (1) to take possession or control of an asset of the conservatee named above held by your institution (including changing title, withdrawing all or any portion of the asset, or transferring all or any portion of the asset) or (2) to open or change the name of an account or a safe-deposit box in your financial institution to reflect the conservatorship, you must fill out Judicial Council form GC-050 (for an institution) or form GC-051 (for a financial institution). An officer authorized by your institution or financial institution must date and sign the form, and you must file the completed form with the court.

There is no filing fee for filing the form. You may either arrange for personal delivery of the form or mail it to the court for filing at the address given for the court on page 1 of these Letters.

The conservator should deliver a blank copy of the appropriate form to you with these Letters, but it is your institution's or financial institution's responsibility to complete the correct form, have an authorized officer sign it, and file the completed form with the court. If the correct form is not delivered with these Letters or is unavailable for any other reason, blank copies of the forms may be obtained from the court. The forms may also be accessed from the judicial branch's public Web site free of charge. The Internet address (URL) is <a href="https://www.courts.ca.gov/forms/">www.courts.ca.gov/forms/</a>. Select the form group <a href="https://www.courts.ca.gov/forms/">Probate—Guardianships and Conservatorships</a> and scroll down to form GC-050 for an institution or form GC-051 for a financial institution. The forms may be printed out as blank forms and filled in by typewriter or may be filled out online and printed out ready for signature and filing.

An *institution* under California Probate Code section 2890(c) is an insurance company, agent, or broker; an investment company; an investment bank; a securities broker-dealer; an investment advisor; a financial planner; a financial advisor; or any other person who takes, holds, or controls an asset subject to a conservatorship or guardianship other than a financial institution. Institutions must file a *Notice of Taking Possession or Control of an Asset of Minor or Conservatee* (form GC-050) for an asset of the conservatee held by the institution. A single form may be filed for all affected assets held by the institution.

A *financial institution* under California Probate Code section 2892(b) is a bank, a trust, a savings and loan association, a savings bank, an industrial bank, or a credit union. Financial institutions must file a *Notice of Opening or Changing a Guardianship or Conservatorship Account or Safe-Deposit Box* (form GC-051) for an account or a safe-deposit box held by the financial institution. A single form may be filed for all affected accounts or safe-deposit boxes held by the financial institution.

	LETTERS OF CO	NSERVATORSHIP	
	AFFIRM	MATION	
I solemnly affirm that I will perf	form according to law the duties of	conservator	limited conservator.
Executed on (date):		, at (place):	
		<b>.</b>	
(TYPE C	DR PRINT NAME)	•	(SIGNATURE OF APPOINTEE)
	CERTIF	ICATION	
-	eluding any attachments, is a correct of ave not been revoked, annulled, or se	· ·	n my office, and that the Letters issued to force and effect.
	Clerk, by		, Deputy

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar nur.	FOR COURT USE ONLY	
<u> </u>		
TELEPHONE NO.:	FAX NO.(Optional):	
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF		
STREET ADDRESS:		
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE:		
BRANCH NAME:		
CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE PERSON	ESTATE	
OF (Name):		
	CONSERVATEE	
NOTICE OF CONSER	VATEE'S RIGHTS	CASE NUMBER:

When a person becomes a conservatee, he or she does not necessarily lose the right to take part in important decisions affecting his or her property and way of life. Every conservatee has the right to be treated with understanding and respect and to have his or her wishes considered. Every conservatee has all basic human rights and the right to be well cared for by his or her conservator.

The conservatee has the right to ask questions and to express concerns and complaints about the conservatorship and the actions of his or her conservator. The conservatee may ask the court to review the conservator's management of the conservatorship if disputes cannot be worked out between them. Even if the conservatee does not take direct action, the court will periodically send a person, called a **court investigator**, to visit the conservatee, to inquire about his or her circumstances and desires, and to advise the conservatee of his or her rights. The court also may appoint a lawyer to represent the conservatee.

The conservatee will be allowed the greatest degree of freedom and privacy possible consistent with the underlying reasons for the conservatorship. The conservator should give as much regard to the wishes of the conservatee as possible under the circumstances so that the conservatee may function at the highest level his or her ability permits. The conservator must give due regard to the preferences of the conservatee and to encourage the conservatee's participation in decision-making.

#### THE CONSERVATEE'S RIGHTS

After appointment of a conservator, the conservatee keeps the right to:

- Be represented by a lawyer;
- Ask a judge to replace the conservator;
- Ask a judge to end the conservatorship:
- Make or change his or her will;
- Directly receive and control his or her salary; and
- Control an allowance (an allowance is personal spending money the court has authorized the conservator to pay directly to the conservatee).

(Conservatee's rights continued on next page)

Page 1 of 4

G	C-	3	4	1
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CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE	PERSON	ESTATE OF		CASE NUMBER:
(Name):				
<u>—</u>			CONSERVATEE	

# THE CONSERVATEE'S RIGHTS (continued)

Unless the court has limited or taken the right away, the conservatee also keeps the right to:

- Receive personal mail;
- Vote:
- Marry or enter into a registered domestic partnership;
- Receive visits from family and friends;
- Make his or her own medical decisions;
- Enter into transactions, to the extent reasonable to (1) provide the necessaries of life to the conservatee and his or her minor children, and (2) provide the necessaries of life to his or her spouse or basic living expenses to his or her registered domestic partner;
- Engage in other activities the court expressly allows him or her to do, at the time of the conservator's appointment, or a later time following a court hearing on a request for authority to engage in the activity; and
- If the conservatee is a **limited conservatee**, to engage in any activity that the court has not expressly reserved to his or the **limited conservator**.

(Proof of mailing on page 3) (Instructions for mailing on page 4)



employee of the conservator's attorney. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing occurred	
PROOF OF MAILING  1. I am over the age of 18. I am the appointed conservator of the above-named conservatee, the conservator's attemployee of the conservator's attorney. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing occurred	
<ol> <li>I am over the age of 18. I am the appointed conservator of the above-named conservatee, the conservator's attemployee of the conservator's attorney. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing occurred</li> </ol>	
employee of the conservator's attorney. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing occurred	
2. My residence or business address is (specify):	
<ul> <li>I mailed the foregoing Notice of Conservatee's Rights to each person named below by enclosing a copy in an eas shown below AND</li> <li>a. depositing the sealed envelope on the date and at the place shown in item 4 with the United States F</li> </ul>	·
with the postage fully prepaid.  b. placing the envelope for collection and mailing on the date and at the place shown in item 4 following business practices. I am readily familiar with this business's practice for collecting and processing commailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the of business with the United States Postal Service in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.  4. a. Date mailed:  b. Place mailed (city, state):	g our ordinary rrespondence for
<ol> <li>Each copy of the Notice of Conservatee's Rights was mailed with an attached conformed copy, showing the datthe judicial officer's signature, of the Order Appointing Probate Conservator filed in this matter on (date):</li> </ol>	ite of its filing and
declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.	
Date:	
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM) (SIGNATURE OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM)	ING THIS EODEW
NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH PERSON TO WHOM NOTICE WAS MAILED	CINVI)
Name and relationship  Address (number, street, city, state, and zigo conservatee)	i <u>p code)</u>
1.	
Conservatee	
2.	
Attorney for conservatee	
3.	
Spouse or registered domestic partner	
4.	
Relationship:	
5.	
Relationship:	
Continued on an attachment. (You may use form GC-341(MA) to show additional addressees.)	

^	$\sim$	2	A
G	C.	-3	4

1

CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE	PERSON	ESTATE OF		CASE NUMBER:
(Name):				
			CONSERVATEE	

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING COPIES OF NOTICE OF CONSERVATEE'S RIGHTS AND ORDER APPOINTING PROBATE CONSERVATOR

- 1. What to mail: The conservator, the conservator's attorney, or the attorney's employee must mail a copy of this *Notice of Conservatee's Rights*, with an attached copy of the *Order Appointing Probate Conservator* showing the judicial officer's signature and the date of filing, to each person identified in item 2 below.
- 2. **Who must receive the mailing:** The persons to whom copies of this *Notice of Conservatee's Rights* and the Order Appointing *Probate Conservator* must be mailed are:
  - a. The conservatee;
  - b. The conservatee's attorney, if any;
  - c. The following relatives of the conservatee named in Probate Code section 1821(b) (spouse or registered domestic partner and second-degree relatives required to be named in the *Petition for Appointment of Probate Conservator*):
    - (1) Spouse or registered domestic partner;
    - (2) Parents;
    - (3) Children at least 12 years old (see item e below if there are children under the age of 12);
    - (4) Grandparents;
    - (5) Grandchildren at least 12 years old (see item e below if there are grandchildren under the age of 12); and
    - (6) Brothers and sisters, including half-brothers and half-sisters.
  - d. If the conservator knows of no spouse or registered domestic partner or second-degree relative of the conservatee, copies of this *Notice of Conservatee's Rights* and the *Order Appointing Probate Conservator* must be mailed to the following persons:
    - (1) Spouse or registered domestic partner of a predeceased parent of the conservatee;
    - (2) Children of a predeceased spouse or predeceased registered domestic partner of the conservatee at least 12 years old (see item e below if there are children under the age of 12);
    - (3) Brothers and sisters of the conservatee's parents (conservatee's aunts and uncles), if any, or, if none, to their natural and adoptive children at least 12 years old (see item e below if there are children under the age of 12); and
    - (4) The natural and adoptive children of the conservatee's brothers and sisters at least 12 years old (see item e below if there are children under the age of 12).
  - e. If a person named above is under the age of 12, a parent, guardian, or other person having legal custody of the person entitled to notice, with whom the person entitled to notice resides.
- 3. When the mailing must be completed: The mailing described in item 1 must be completed on or before the 30th day following the filing date of the *Order Appointing Probate Conservator*.
- 4. Fill out Proof of Mailing: The conservator or his or her attorney of record must fill out the Proof of Mailing on page 3 of this form, including the correct addresses of the persons to receive the mailing, identified in item 2 above, before making the copies to be mailed. If the Proof of Mailing does not have enough space for the names and addresses of all persons who will receive the mailing, the names and addresses not shown on the Proof of Mailing must be shown on one or more additional pages attached to this form. One or more copies of Attachment to Notice of Conservatee's Rights (form GC-341(MA)) may be used for this purpose. After the mailing described in item 5 below, the conservator or his or her attorney must date and sign the Proof of Mailing on page 3 of this form.
- 5. **How to mail:** The conservator, the conservator's attorney of record, or an employee of the attorney, must do the following;
  - a. Place copies of this *Notice of Conservatee's Rights*, with attached conformed copies of the *Order Appointing Probate*Conservator in sealed envelopes, addressed to each person at the address shown for that person on the Proof of Mailing on page 3 of this form, or on attached additional pages, with postage fully prepaid.
  - b. Deposit (mail) the sealed envelope(s) with the United States Postal Service on the date and from the place (city and state) shown in item 4 of the Proof of Mailing on page 3 of this form.
- 6. Filing Notice of Conservatee's Rights: The conservator, or his or her attorney of record, must file with the court the original Notice of Conservatee's Rights, with a signed and dated Proof of Mailing and all attached additional address pages.
  Do not attach a copy of the Order Appointing Probate Conservator to the original Notice of Conservatee's Rights filed with the court.



ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTOR	RNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
TELEPHONE NO.:	FAX NO. (Optional):	
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):	FAX NO. ( <i>Οριισπαι).</i>	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CAL	IFORNIA, COUNTY OF	
STREET ADDRESS:	·	
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE:		
BRANCH NAME:		
CONSERVATORSHIP OF THE I	PERSON AND ESTATE OF	
(Name):		
(ivamo).	CONSERVATEE	
		CASE NUMBER:
DETERMINATION OF COM	NSERVATEE'S APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF CARE	
		-

#### Notice to Conservator of the Person

You must prepare a written determination of the conservatee's appropriate level of care, sign it under penalty of perjury, and file it with the court within 60 days of the date of the court's order appointing you as conservator. You must use this form for that purpose. Your determination must include an evaluation of the conservatee's level of care on the date the conservatorship proceeding was started (the date the petition for the appointment of a conservator was filed with the court or, if more than one petition was filed, the date the first petition was filed), and the measures that would be necessary to keep the conservatee in his or her **personal residence**. If the conservatee was not living in that residence on the date the proceeding was started, your determination must include either a plan to return the conservatee to that residence or an explanation of the reasons why the conservatee cannot return to that residence in the foreseeable future. **This determination is in addition to, not a replacement for, any written care or placement plan the court may require. Check the court's local rules to see if a care or placement plan must also be filed.** 

The conservatee's **personal residence** is the residence he or she understood or believed, or appeared to understand or believe, was his or her permanent residence on the date the conservatorship proceeding was started, whether or not he or she was living there on that date. If the conservatee could not then form or communicate an understanding or belief about his or her permanent residence, the conservatee's personal residence is the residence he or she last previously understood or appeared to understand was his or her permanent residence. (See Cal. Rules of Court, rule 7.1063.)

(Name):	declares as follows:

- 1. I am conservator of the person of the above-named conservatee. I am determining the conservatee's appropriate level of care as of *(date):*, the date of the order appointing me as conservator.
- 2. a. On the date stated in item 1, the conservatee was living at the following residence or facility (address and name of facility, if any):

Telephone:

b. The conservatee has been living in the above residence or facility since (date):

Page 1 of 4

		GC-355
	CONSERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:
	(Name):  CONSERVATEE	
c	Conservatee's single family home, condominium, or apartment Relative's or friend's single family home, condominium, or apartment Acute care hospital Acute psychiatric hospital Licensed residential care facility Assisted living facility (7 or more beds) Board and care home (6 or fewer beds) Continuing-care retirement con Congregate living health facility—terminal or life-threatening illness type (hos Other (describe):	facility Skilled nursing facility  o)  nmunity Secured perimeter
3. a	a. The conservatee's care requirements as of the date given in item 1 are as follows additional information concerning any items selected below under "other assistance"	
	No assistance is needed at this time. Light housekeeping help required Personal caregivers required, hours per week: 24-hour care	hours per week. Part-time, hours per day.

\_\_ hours per week: \_\_ Dispensing \_\_ Set-up only

☐ Standby ☐ In-home hospice services.

Nursing care required, \_\_\_\_\_ hours per week. Meal preparation assistance required, \_

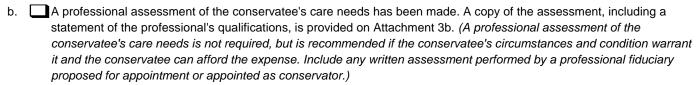
Maximum

Assistance with daily living skills, \_\_\_\_\_\_hours per week.

Other assistance required, \_\_\_\_\_ hours per week (describe):

Assistance with medication required, \_\_\_\_\_

Assistance with ambulation:



_			<u>GC-355</u>
	CONSERVATORSHIP OF	CASE NUMBER:	
	(Name):  CONSERVATEE		
	CONSERVATEE		
	(Complete item 4a if the residence identified in item 2 is the conservatee's personal rule 7.1063. Complete item 4b if the residence identified in item 2 is not the conservation.		ourt,
	a. Conservatee living in personal residence		
	The residence or facility described in item 2 is the conservatee's <b>personal</b> r		
	Cal. Rules of Court, rule 7.1063. The following measures are necessary to k	keep the conservatee in that residence.	
	<ul><li>Continued on Attachment 4a.</li><li>Conservatee not living in personal residence</li></ul>		
	The residence or facility described in item 2 is <b>not</b> the conservatee's <b>perso</b>	nal residence within the meaning of	
	Cal. Rules of Court, rule 7.1063. The conservatee's personal residence is		
	(Complete either item 4b(1) below or item 4b(2) on page 4. Complete item 4	4b(1) if you believe the conservatee can	be
	returned to his or her personal residence in the foreseeable future. Complete		ee
	cannot be returned to his or her personal residence in the foreseeable futur		
	(1) The conservator's plan to restore the conservatee to his or her <b>pers</b>	onal residence is as follows:	
	Continued on Attachment 4b(1).		
	Continuos on Attachment 15(1).		



		GC-35
CONSERVATORSHIP OF		CASE NUMBER:
(Name):	CONSERVATEE	
<ul> <li>b. (2) The limitations or restrictions on the conservated future are as follows:</li> </ul>	e's return to his or he	er <b>personal residence</b> in the foreseeable
Continued on Attachment 4b(2).		
5. Number of pages attached:		
5. Number of pages attached		
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Cal	lifornia that the foreg	oing is true and correct.
Date:		
	<b>)</b>	
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF CONSERVATOR OF THE PERSON)	, (SIGI	NATURE OF CONSERVATOR OF THE PERSON)

ATTOR	NEY	STATE BAR NUMBER:	DO NOT FILE OR LODGE IN CASE FILE
NAME:			
FIRM NAM	1E:		
STREET A	ADDRESS:		
CITY:		STATE: ZIP CODE:	
TELEPHO		FAX NO.:	
EMAIL AD		_	
	RIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY O	•	
	ADDRESS:		
	ADDRESS: ZIP CODE:		
	ICH NAME:		
Di G u	CERTIFICATION OF ATTOR	RNEY QUALIFICATIONS	
	☐ INITIAL [	ANNUAL	
		INSTRUCTIONS	
1. <b>INI</b>	TIAL: Before a court may appoint you a	s counsel for the first time under Probate Co	de section 1470 or 1471, you must
cor	mplete items 1, 2, and 3; complete item	4 for appointment to represent a ward or pro	posed ward; complete item 5 for
арі	pointment to represent a conservatee, p	roposed conservatee, or person alleged to la	ck legal capacity; provide any additional
rec	uired information in item 7; sign the form	n at the bottom of page 2; and submit the for	m to the appointing court.
2 AN	NUAL: To remain eligible for appointme	ent, before March 31 of each calendar year fo	ollowing initial certification you must
		additional required information, including an	
	•	e bottom of page 2; and submit the form to the	•
I certify t	hat (check all boxes that apply):		
LICENS	ING AND DISCIPLINE		
		nding of the State Bar of California. (Date of a	admission):
	OR	iding of the State Bar of Camornia. (Date of a	duriissiori).
	<u></u>	qualified to practice law in California under ru	le 9 45 of the California Rules of Court
υ.	(Date of special admission):	qualified to produce law in Camerina ander re	alo of the damorna reads of dourt.
2.		nposed in the 12 months immediately preced	ing the execution of this form.
INSURA		1	3
3. a.	I am covered by professional liabilit	y insurance with limits no lower than \$100,00	0 per claim and \$300,000 per year or any
	higher limits required by local rule, i		
	My insurer is (specify name, addres	s, phone number, and email address):	
	OR		
b.	<del></del>	ability at a level not lower than that in a. by a	self-insurance program through my firm,
	employer, or government agency. (	Describe self-insurance in item 7.)	
	QUALIFICATIONS		
Guardia		rehete Code coeties 1170 to session a war	d as assault special bases and at
4.		robate Code section 1470 to represent a war	
	(Describe qualifying experience, work	1102(a) or (b) and, if applicable, all additiona	rrequirements imposed by local rule.
Conser	vatorship and Capacity Determination	-	
5.		obate Code section 1470 or 1471 to represe	nt a conservatee proposed conservatee
٠. <b></b>		because I have met at least one of the requ	
		imposed by local rule. (Describe qualifying e.	
	education in item 7.)	impossa sy losai rais. (2000/100 qualifying s	Apononico, work arrangomente, er
ANNUA	L EDUCATION		
6.	I have completed the annual education	requirements in  rule 7.1102(c)	rule 7.1103(c) and
_		requirements imposed by local rule of court	<del></del>
	(List the hours and applicable subjects		
	Additional s	pace provided and signature required on page	QC 2. Page 1 of
	, taditional s	pass provided and eignature required on pag	rage i or

Form Approved for Optional Use Judicial Council of California GC-010 [Rev. January 1, 2020] CEB\* Essential Forms

CONFIDENTIAL - FOR COURT USE ONLY			GC-010
ERTIFICATION OF (name):		STATE BAR NUMBER:	
, and the second	, ATTORNEY		
Provide any additional required information including a	an avalanction of any unactiofic	d requirements below	
Provide any additional required information, including a	an explanation of any unsatisfie	ed requirements, below.	

GC-010 [Rev. January 1, 2020]

CEB\* Essential
Forms\*

document attached to or submitted with this form, are true and correct.