The Impeachment Wars: What Lies Ahead?

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ORDER NO. 3915-2017

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COUNSEL TO INVESTIGATE RUSSIAN INTERFERENCE WITH THE 2016 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION AND RELATED MATTERS

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Acting Attorney General, including 28 U.S.C. §§ 509, 510, and 515, in order to discharge my responsibility to provide supervision and management of the Department of Justice, and to ensure a full and thorough investigation of the Russian government's efforts to interfere in the 2016 presidential election, I hereby order as follows:

- (a) Robert S. Mueller III is appointed to serve as Special Counsel for the United States Department of Justice.
- (b) The Special Counsel is authorized to conduct the investigation confirmed by then-FBI Director James B. Comey in testimony before the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence on March 20, 2017, including:
 - any links and/or coordination between the Russian government and individuals associated with the campaign of President Donald Trump; and
 - (ii) any matters that arose or may arise directly from the investigation; and
 - (iii) any other matters within the scope of 28 C.F.R. § 600.4(a).
- (c) If the Special Counsel believes it is necessary and appropriate, the Special Counsel is authorized to prosecute federal crimes arising from the investigation of these matters.
- (d) Sections 600.4 through 600.10 of Title 28 of the Code of Federal Regulations are applicable to the Special Counsel.

Date

Rod J. Rosenstein Acting Attorney General

SMALL FRY

DEFENDANT	CHARGES	PLEA	COOPERATION AGREEMENT	POTENTIAL SENTENCE	TRIAL/ SENTENCING
Papadopoulos	False Statement	Guilty	Yes	0-6 months	14 days
Pinedo	ID Fraud	Guilty	Yes	12-18 months	6 months prison plus 6 months home confinement
Van der Zwaan	False Statement re contacts with Kilimnik	Guilty	No	0-6 months, plus deportation	30 days

BIG FISH

DEFENDANT	CHARGES	PLEA	COOPERATION AGREEMENT	POTENTIAL SENTENCE	TRIAL/ SENTENCING
Flynn	False Statement	Guilty	Yes	0-6 months	Jan. 28, 2020
Cohen	False Statements to U.S. Congress	Guilty	Yes	0-6 months	TBDSDNY: 3 years
Stone	False Statements (5 counts)Witness TamperingObstruction	Not Guilty	No	50 years	Convicted on all counts Sentencing: Feb. 6, 2020
Manafort	DC: 7 countsEDVA: 32 counts	Initially not guilty in both cases; changed to guilty in DC following EDVA conviction	Yes, but DC agreement breached due to lack of truthful cooperation	 DC: 10 years EDVA: Mueller recommended 19.5-24.5 years 	DC: 73 months (30 mos. concurrent w/EDVA; 43 months consecutive) EDVA: 47 months
Kilimnik (Co- defendant with Manafort in DC case)	Conspiracy to obstruct justiceObstruction of justice	N/A (no arrest yet)	No	TBD	No
Gates	 Conspiracy to defraud the U.S. re Ukraine lobbying False Statement re Ukraine lobbying 	DC: GuiltyAlexandria: Charges dismissed	Yes	57-71 months	45 days

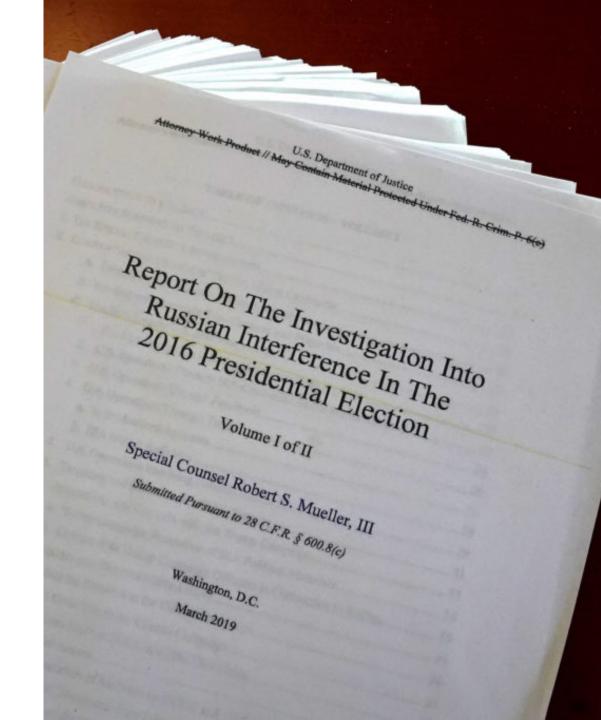
RUSSIANS

DEFENDANT	CHARGES	PLEA	COOPERATION AGREEMENT	POTENTIAL SENTENCE	TRIAL/ SENTENCING
(Social Engineering) Russian Troll Farm/ "Internet Research Agency"	 Conspiracy to defraud the U.S. Conspiracy to commit wire/bank fraud ID Theft 	N/A (no arrests yet)	No	TBD	No
(Hacking) Netyksho et al. (GRU agents)	 Conspiracy against the U.S. (2 counts) Conspiracy to Launder Money (1 count) Identity Theft (8 counts) 	N/A (no arrests yet)	No	TBD	No

MUELLER REPORT

10 ACTS OF OBSTRUCTION

- 1. Pressuring Comey to End Flynn Investigation
- 2. Trump's Reaction to Russia Investigation
- 3. Comey Firing and Aftermath
- 4. Mueller Appointment and Attempts to Fire Him
- 5. Other Efforts to Curtail Mueller Investigation
- 6. Efforts to Prevent Public Disclosure of Evidence
- 7. Efforts to Have Former AG Sessions Take Control of Investigation
- 8. Trump Orders WH Counsel to Deny that President Wanted Tried to Fire Mueller
- 9. Trump's Actions Toward Flynn, Manafort and Other Possible Witnesses
- 10. Trump's Actions Toward Michael Cohen



UKRAINE

Quid Pro Quo – Biden

- Dec. 2015: VP Biden tells Ukraine to fire Prosecutor (Shokin) or lose \$1 billion
- Jan. 2018: Biden brags at CFR about pressuring Ukraine to fire Shokin

Quid Pro Quo – Trump

- Apr. 2017: Trump accuses Ukraine of framing Russia re 2016 election interference
- May 2019: Trump accuses Biden of pressuring Ukraine to protect Hunter Biden
- Spring/Summer 2019: Trump's aides threaten to withhold \$391 million unless Ukraine publicly announces investigation of Biden and Ukrainian interference in 2016 US election

Trump-Zelensky call (July 25, 2019)

"Do us a favor . . . find out what happened with . . . Crowdstrike"

"There's a lot of talk about Biden's son, that Biden stopped the prosecution"

"Whatever you can do with the Attorney General would be great"

Whistleblower complaint (Aug. 12, 2019)

GIULIANI

- April 2018 Giuliani named as Trump's personal lawyer
- 2018 Giuliani begins working with Parnas and Fruman to dig up dirt on Joe and Hunter Biden
- Late 2018 Parnas and Fruman organize Skype call for Giuliani with Shokin
- Jan. Feb. 2019 Giuliani meets Lutsenko in NY City and Poland
- April 2019 Giuliani tells Fox news Joe Biden caused firing of Shokin to protect Hunter Biden
- May 6, 2019 -- U.S. Ambassador to Ukraine Marie Yovanovitch suddenly recalled
- May 2019 Giuliani, Parnas and Fruman meet with Ukrainian anti-corruption prosecutor
- June 21, 2019 Giuliani tweet demanding new Ukrainian President Zelensky investigate Bidens

- Mid-July, 2019 Trump directs Chief of Staff Mulvaney to hold back aid to Ukraine
- July 25, 2019 Trump-Zelensky call
- August 3, 2019 Giuliani meets Zelensky's top aide in Madrid
- September 22, 2019 Giuliani interview with Chris Cuomo
- October 11, 2019 Parnas and Fruman arrested while trying to flee U.S. Indictment alleges illegal contributions to "Congressman-1" (former Rep. Pete Sessions, R-TX). Parnas and Fruman sought Congressman-1's assistance to oust Ambassador Yovanovitch
- Oct. 22, 2019 Taylor confirms quid pro quo
- November 19, 2019 Vindman testifies Giuliani pressured Ukraine to investigate Bidens

Can U.S. President be Charged with State or Federal Crimes?

- President can be sued while in office (Clinton v. Jones, 1997)
- Supreme Court has never ruled whether sitting President can face criminal proceedings (state or federal) while in office
 - Justice Department Policy (OLC Opinions, 1973 and 2000): no state or federal charges can be filed against sitting President
 - Trump's challenge to Manhattan DA subpoena for tax returns headed to Supreme Court



Judge Chin



William Consovoy

PRESIDENT TRUMP'S FINANCIAL RECORDS & TAX RETURNS

SECOND CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS

Oral Argument Trump v. Vance



IMPEACHMENT

House: Art. 1, section 2, clause 5

"The House of Representatives shall chuse [sic] their Speaker and other Officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment."

Senate: Art. I, section 3, clause 6:

"The Senate shall have the *sole Power to try all Impeachments*. When sitting for that Purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no Person shall be convicted without the Concurrence of *two thirds of the Members present*."

If convicted: Art. II, section 4:

The President, Vice President and all civil officers of the United States, *shall be removed from office* on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

Articles of Impeachment

- Obstruction of Congress re Ukraine
- Abuse of Power re Ukraine
- [Bribery re Ukraine]
- [Obstruction of Justice re Mueller Investigation]

PARDON POWER

U.S. Constitution, Art. II Section 2, Clause 1:

The President...shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offenses against the United States, *except in cases of Impeachment*.

25TH AMENDMENT

U.S. Constitution, 25th Amendment, Section 4:

Whenever the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive departments or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is *unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office,* the Vice President shall immediately assume the powers and duties of the office as Acting President.