

CALIFORNIA PROPERTY TAX

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OVERVIEW OF PROPERTY TAXES

- What is it and to what does it apply?
 - Real Property
 - Land, Improvements, Growing Crops, Minerals, etc.
 - Tangible Personal Property
 - Furniture, Removeable Fixtures, etc.
 - Intangible Property (e.g. Goodwill, IP, Contract Rights, Software, etc.)
 - Exemptions
 - Federal, State and local government property,
 - Except as provided in Section 11
 - Household furnishings and personal effects not used for business
 - Religious Property Used exclusively for religious purposes
 - Property Used exclusively for educational purposes
 - Growing crops
 - Hospitals and
 - Business Inventory
 - Cemeteries
 - Several other types/classifications of property
 - California Constitution ("CC") Article XIII, Section 3





BASIC PROPERTY TAX CONCEPTS

- All property taxed at Full Value/Fair Market Value
 - CC Art. XIII, Sec. 1
- Proposition 13 limitations ("Prop 13")
 - CC Art. XIIIA
 - Limits taxable value Acquisition Value
 - Annual Adjustments <=2%</p>
 - Fair Market Reappraisal Triggers
 - Change of Ownership
 - Property v Entity
 - New Construction
 - Time of Recognition
 - Change of use
 - Energy Resource and Mining Properties
 - California Revenue and Taxation Code ("R&T"), Sections 60 et seq and 70 et seq
 - 18 California Code of Regulations ("CCR"), Sections 460 et seq
 - (Also Referred to as Property Tax Rules ("PTR"), Rules 1 et seq)



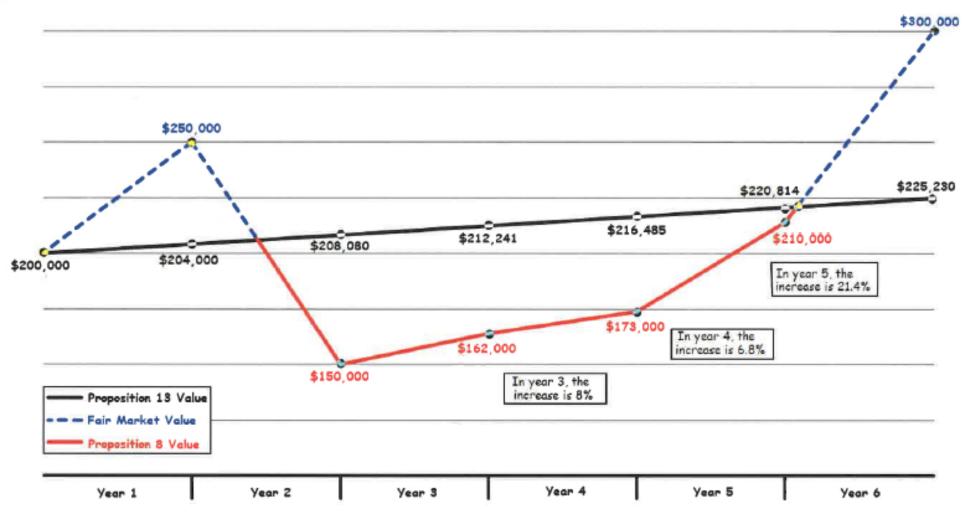
BASIC PROPERTY TAX CONCEPTS

- FMV v Base Year Value Review Graph/Exhibit
 - FMV v Adjusted Base Year
- Supplemental Assessments what & when
 - R&T §§ 75 et seq
- Escape Assessments
 - R&T §§ 531 et seq
- Penalty Assessments
 - Ibid, among others
- Crimes



How property values are assessed

California's Proposition 13 caps the growth of a property's assessed value at 2% per year unless the fair market value falls lower. When that happens, Proposition 8, which passed in 1978, allows the property to be **temporarily** reassessed at fair market value. However, as the value of the property rises, the assessed value and resulting property taxes may increase more than 2% per year up to the annually adjusted Proposition 13 cap (factored base year value).



HOW ARE PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENTS MADE?

- Property taxed in situ by County Assessor or State
 - CC Art. XIII, Sec 4
- Assessors Determine taxable value on Lien Date or Taxable Event
 - Revenue & Taxation Code §§ 405
 - Obtaining the data to tax
 - R&T §§ 408, et seq
 - Enforcement as needed
 - Ibid
- Methods of Value/Appraisal
 - Comparable Sales Approach to Value
 - Cost Approach to Value
 - Income Approach to Value
- Tax Collector Determines and Bills Tax
- Auditor/Controller Tracks Billing and Payment and allocates taxes as required
- Taxpayers Pay tax and may protest



PROPERTY TAX DISPUTES - RELATED PROCEEDINGS & LITIGATION

- Administrative Resolutions
 - Communicate with Assessor, Supervisors and/or Staff
 - Share data and records
 - Review factual and legal assessment issues
- Commence Assessment Appeals or Litigation
 - Assessment Appeals/Equalization Proceedings for cases involving value issues before Board of Equalization or Assessment Appeals Board. Must exhaust administrative remedies
 - Court litigation in cases with only legal issues (e.g. exempt property)
- Discovery
 - Assessor Procedures and Law
 - R&T Code §§ 408 et seq and 1606
 - Taxpayer Procedures and Law
 - Ibid
- Timing 2 Year Limit



PROPERTY TAX DISPUTES - RELATED PROCEEDINGS & LITIGATION

- BOE/AAB Hearing & Prehearing Procedures
 - Property Tax Rules 300 et seq
- Conduct of Hearing Formality
- Board Constituency Legal Advisor
- Burden of Proof
- Make a record
- Decision & Findings
- Appeal
- Superior Court then Appellate Courts
- Taxpayers Suit for Refund
- Assessor Petition for Writ of Mandate
- Finality Remand



MAJOR CURRENT ISSUE – SPLIT ROLL INITIATIVE

- What is a Split Roll and how does it impact Property Taxes?
 - Division of properties subject to Prop 13 protections Residential v Business properties
 - Residential Properties no change
 - Business Properties no Prop 13 protections periodic FMV assessments
 - General v Business/Stock interest Splits
- Currently set for November 2020 election General + 3-year periodic assessment review with small business exemption (assets < \$3,000,000)

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- Letters to Assessors ("LTA's")
- State Board of Equalization ("SBE") Annotations
- SBE Assessor Handbooks
- Treatises
 - Taxing California Property Erhman & Flavin
 - Witkin Summary of Law
 - Cal Jur



QUESTIONS?